UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

Debtor.	Judge Thomas J. Tucker
RALPH LEN JOHNSON,	Chapter 7
In re:	Case No. 08-49502

ORDER DENYING DEBTORS' MOTION TO RECONVERT CASE TO CHAPTER 13

This case is before the Court on Debtor's "Corrected Motion to Convert Chapter 7 Case to Chapter 13 Case," filed on September 11, 2008 (Docket # 50). On October 10, 2008, Debtor filed a Certificate of Non Response, indicating that no objections to the motion had been filed. The Court cannot grant the motion.

Debtor filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 13 on April 18, 2008. On August 25, 2008, Debtor filed a "Notice of Debtor's Voluntary Conversion of Bankruptcy Case Under Chapter 13 to a Case Under Chapter 7" (Docket # 46), and the case was converted from Chapter 13 case to Chapter 7. Debtor now seeks an order converting the Chapter 7 case back to Chapter 13. The Court may not allow that conversion, however, because there was previously a conversion under 11 U.S.C. § 1307(a)¹ of Debtor's Chapter 13 case to Chapter 7.

Section 706(a) of the Bankruptcy Code provides, in relevant part: "The debtor may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 11, 12, or 13 of this title at any time, *if* the case has not been converted under section 1112, 1208, or 1307 of this title." 11 U.S.C. § 1307(a) (italics added). Debtor does not have a right to voluntarily convert the case to Chapter

¹ Section 1307(a) of the Bankruptcy Code provides: "The debtor may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title at any time. Any waiver of the right to convert under this subsection is unenforceable." 11 U.S.C. § 1307(a).

13 because the exception in § 706(a) applies. Under these circumstances, the Court does not have authority under any provision of the Bankruptcy Code to convert this case back to Chapter 13 on Debtor's request. *See* Tr. of 2/24/05 bench opinion, *In re Gaines*, Case No. 04-63830 (Docket # 81 in that case, copy attached) at 3-7 (explaining why conversion from Chapter 7 to Chapter 13 is not permitted under these circumstances).

Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED that Debtor's "Corrected Motion to Convert Chapter 7 Case to Chapter 13 Case" (Docket # 50) is DENIED.

Signed on October 15, 2008

/s/ Thomas J. Tucker
Thomas J. Tucker
United States Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

In the matter or:

JERRY GAINES and GLORIA

BRIGGS,

Case No. 04-63830

Detroit, Michigan Thursday, February 24, 2005

Judge Tucker

Debtors

EXCERPT OF HEARING: RULING OF THE COURT ON MOTION TO RECONVERT CASE FROM CHAPTER 7 BACK TO CHAPTER 13

BEFORE THE HONORABLE THOMAS J. TUCKER, BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

TRANSCRIPT ORDERED BY: JUDGE THOMAS J. TUCKER

APPEARANCES:

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Ruling of the Court

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Detroit, Michigan

Thursday, February 24, 2005

Morning Session

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(At about 10:08 A.M. - excerpt begins.)

THE COURT: The first issue that I think the Court confronts in considering this motion is whether the Court may allow reconversion. as it's been called in the motion. What it is is whether the Court may allow conversion by the Debtor, Mr. Gaines, to Chapter 13 from Chapter 7 when there was previously a conversion of Mr. Gaines' Chapter 13 case to Chapter 7 under Section 1307 of the Code.

Under 706(a) of the Bankruptcy Code the Debtor, Mr. Gaines, does not in this circumstance have a right to convert the case voluntarily to Chapter 13 because the exception in Section 706(a) applies. That is, the case has been converted under Section 1307 previously. Therefore the right, whether it's an automatic right or a right subject to objections based on bad faith or other grounds, the cases are a little -- are -- differ on that question. But whichever it is under 706(a), that right does not apply here because this case was previously converted, voluntarily I might add, by the Debtor, Mr. Gaines, from Chapter 13 to Chapter 7, where it now rests.

In my view the answer to this first issue, first question is that the Court does not have the authority or --

to, under the Bankruptcy Code, under Section 105(a), under Section 706(a), or under any other section of the Code to permit conversion of this case back to Chapter 13 on the Debtor's voluntary request, and therefore the motion, styled a motion of reconversion, et cetera, must be denied for that reason.

I want to explain briefly why I come to this conclusion. First, I have read the decision of this court through Judge Rhodes in the <u>Banks</u> case, which did hold consistent with the ruling that I'm making today, that in these circumstances reconversion or conversion back to Chapter 13 is not permitted. The <u>Banks</u> case, for the record, is *In* re: <u>Banks</u>, 252 B.R. 399, a decision of the Bankruptcy Court of this district from 2000.

I -- I would -- while I would agree with the result in <u>Banks</u>, I would add a couple points to the reasoning of the court in <u>Banks</u>, and depart possibly somewhat from the reasoning of the court in <u>Banks</u>. Except as -- as indicated, I do agree with the reasoning and holding of the court in <u>Banks</u>.

First, I don't -- I don't find Section 706(a) or 706(d) to be ambiguous on this question before the Court today at all. 706(a) is, in my view, unambiguous in -- to the extent that it does not permit conversion in this circumstance because there has been previously a conversion under Section 1307.

13 -- Section 706(d) is not ambiguous in this context because 706(d) does not authorize conversion. It merely creates a limitation on conversion, when conversion otherwise is permissible. One of the limitations of 706(d) is that a debtor in Chapter 7 may not be converted to Chapter 13 without requesting it; that is, involuntarily against the debtor's wishes. That's consistent with the general Bankruptcy Code policy that Chapter 13 is a voluntary provision and debtors may not be forced into it against their will. And there is no other provision in the Bankruptcy Code that authorizes conversion from a Chapter 7 to a Chapter 13 in this circumstance.

I view that fact and the fact that Section 706 does not authorize conversion in this circumstance as indicative of congressional intent that there be no such right to convert and that there be no such conversion permitted. Part of my reasoning for that is -- is by contrasting the wording of Section 706, in particular 706(a), with the wording of Section 707(a) and Section 1307(a). Section 1307(a) is the provision that allows a debtor to voluntarily convert a case from Chapter 13 to Chapter 7 at any time.

So that the first sentence of 1307(a) is virtually identical in structure to the first sentence of Section 706(a) except that it does not contain, nor does 1307(a) or any other provision of the Code contain any limitation on the Chapter 13

debtor's right to convert that -- that limits or excludes the situation where the case had been previously converted under another section of the Code from a different chapter of the Code.

So for example, if a debtor began in Chapter 7, converted to Chapter 13, and then under 1307(a) sought to voluntarily convert back to Chapter 7, 1307(a) would permit that, notwithstanding the prior conversion from 7 to 13. That contrast between the wording of 1307(a) and the wording of 706(a), which does contain such a limitation, in my view clearly indicates congressional intent that conversion under 706(a) not be permitted when there has been a prior conversion under 1307, at least a conversion to Chapter 13 here.

The -- my reference to Section 706(a) is that -simply to further contrast. In that section Congress
permitted a debtor, among others, after notice and hearing and
for cause, to voluntarily dismiss a -- dismiss a Chapter 7
case and does not limit that -- that right to seek voluntary
dismissal to -- by excluding cases -- Chapter 7 cases from
dismissal voluntarily when they -- on the grounds that they've
been previously converted from another chapter. These
provisions, especially the contrast of 1307(a) in my view
indicate congressional intent, as I said, to prohibit
conversion in this circumstance.

That, combined with the fact that no provision in

the Code authorizes conversion in the circumstance to Chapter 13 persuades me that I am not permitted -- the Court is not permitted to authorize and grant conversion in this circumstance. Section 105(a) does not give the Court that authority. In my view Section 105(a) -- while Section 105(a) does say that the court may issue any order, process or judgment necessary or appropriate to carry out provisions of this title, there is no provision of this title, that is of the Bankruptcy Code, Title 11, that would authorize conversion in this circumstance, and therefore 105(a) does not apply.

Furthermore, 105(a) does not authorize conversion here because that would be contrary to what I view as congressional intent that conversion in this setting to Chapter 13 not be permitted.

So for those reasons, I must and will deny the Debtor's motion.

I would note, although not expressing any opinion on it at this point or making any decision on the merits of this argument, that if conversion in this circumstance were discretionary or could be committed -- permitted for cause or based on some other standard, bad faith -- there would be a substantial question about bad faith and whether bad faith, one, would be an adequate ground for preventing conversion, or two, whether bad faith exists here. That does require an inquiry into the totality of the circumstances, might require

an evidentiary hearing in this -- based on the arguments here, but in my view it's not necessary to have such an evidentiary hearing or decide that -- that issue or series of issues because of my ruling on the right to convert and the authority of the Court to convert.

So for those reasons the motion will be denied. I will ask the trustee to prepare an order that says that for the reasons stated by the Court on the record at the conclusion of this hearing the motion is denied.

ALL PARTIES: Thank you, your Honor.

(At about 10:17 A.M. - hearing concluded.)

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript of the proceedings held in the above-entitled matter.

DATED: April 15, 2005

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ynn L. Simmons, Transcriber